[Int. J. Pharm., **93**, 61-74 (1993)] [Lab. of Pharm. Engineering]

Improvement of the stability of water-in-oil-in-water multiple emulsions by the addition of surfactants in the internal aqueous phase of the emulsions.

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In order to improve the stability of w/o/w emulsions, an attempt was made to elucidate the influence of addition of hydrophilic surfactants into the internal aqueous compartment of the emulsion, on the breakdown of the suspending vesicular globules of w/o/w emulsion, the changes in diameter of the internal aqueous compartments and of the suspending vesicular globules of w/o/w emulsion, as compared with emulsions without additives and with addition of sodium chloride.

[J. Colloid. Int. Sci., **160**, 483-486 (1993)] [Lab. of Pharm. Engineering]

Molecular Interaction of Baicalein and Phosphatidylcholine in Liposomal Membrane.

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Baicalein is theflavonoid containedin theroot of *Scutellaria baicalensis Georgi*. X-ray diffraction patterns of the dried baicalein-intermixed phosphatidylcholine films and ^{1}H NMRspectraind$_6$-acetonesolutions wereinvestigated to clarify the interaction of the flavonoidand phosphatidylcholine molecules in theliposomalmembranes. It was found that baicalein molecules were entrapped inliposomal membranes byhydrogen-bonding of polar headgroups of phosphatidylcholine molecules with C_6- and C_7- hydroxylgroups of baicalein.

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Praparation of a Sustained-Release Matrix Tablet of Acetaminophen with Pulverized Low-Substituted Hydroxypropylcellulose *via* Dry Granulation.

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Pulverized L-HPC (low-substituted hydroxypropylcellulose, LH41) can be used as a sustained-release matrix filler. In previous papers, we had reported that the flowability and packability of LH41 powder with or without acetaminophen was improved by wet granulation for practical uses. In the present report, dry granulation via slugging was employed to avoid the use of an organic solvent (e.g. ethanol).